

**OFICINA DEL COMISIONADO DE ASUNTOS MUNICIPALES
ÁREA DE ASESORAMIENTO, REGLAMENTACIÓN E INTERVENCIÓN FISCAL
ÁREA DE ARCHIVO DIGITAL**

**MUNICIPIO DE COMERÍO
AUDITORÍA 2014-2015**

30 DE JUNIO DE 2015

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTING PACKAGE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

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**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SINGLE AUDIT REPORTING PACKAGE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

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**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**



CARLOS R. DIAZ, CPA, PSC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**To the Honorable Mayor and
Municipal Legislative Body
Municipality of Comerío
Comerío, Puerto Rico**

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining funds information of **Municipality of Comerío**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico** basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We did not audit the financial statement of the Rio Plata Project, which represents 100% of total assets, net position and revenue of the business type activities.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the business type activities. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Río Plata Project, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED):

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of opinions:

Type of opinion:

Governmental activities	Qualified
Business type activities	Unqualified
Discretely presented component unit	Unqualified
Each mayor funds	Unqualified
Aggregate remaining funds	Unqualified
Business-type activities	Unqualified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

Management has not recorded the proportional share in the net pension plan liability of the employee retirement system (ERS) and related disclosures. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the liability representing the Municipality proportion share in the ERS should be presented in the governmental-wide financial statements. In addition, other information of the ERS should be disclosed. The amount by which this departure would affect the liabilities, fund balance and expenses of the governmental-wide financial statements has not been determined.

Qualified opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of the **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico**, as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico** as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED):

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5 to 12 and 45 to 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted information related to the Municipality proportionate share of net pension plan liability of the employer retirement systems information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED):

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2015, on our consideration of the **Municipality of Comerío** internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering **Municipality of Comerío** internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 23, 2015
Aguas Buenas, Puerto Rico



Carlos R. Díaz, CPA, PSC

License No. 275

Expire December 1, 2018

The stamp No. **E199122** of the Puerto Rico Society of Certified Public Accountants was affixed to the original of this report.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

INTRODUCCION

The following discussion presents an overview of the financial position and financial activities of the Municipality Autonomous of Comerío (The Municipality) for the year ended June 30, 2015. This discussion was prepared by the Municipality management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The financial position on the Municipality remains strong at June 30, 2015, with total assets of \$61,652,573, total liabilities of \$9,387,165, and total net assets of \$51,974,945. Municipality net position increased \$90,993 in comparison with June 30, 2014 balance of \$51,883,952. An overview of each statement is presented below along with a financial analysis of the transactions impacting the statement.

Condensed financial statements for the Municipality at June 30, 2015.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Assets		
Capital Assets	\$54,089,405	\$54,050,162
Other Assets	<u>8,090,140</u>	<u>7,602,411</u>
	<u>62,179,545</u>	<u>61,652,573</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position		
Long-Term Debt	8,561,049	8,131,521
Other Liabilities	<u>1,479,004</u>	<u>1,255,644</u>
	<u>10,026,357</u>	<u>9,387,165</u>
Deferred Municipal Tax	<u>269,236</u>	<u>290,463</u>
Invested in Capital Assets	53,589,970	53,697,807
Restricted for Debt Services	1,121,057	1,295,496
Capital Projects	2,092,022	1,590,417
Replacements and Others	704,761	\$629,754
Unrestricted	<u>(5,623,858)</u>	<u>(5,238,529)</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$51,883,952</u>	<u>\$51,974,945</u>

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

Condense Statement of activities

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for Services	\$ 668,259	\$ 689,044
Operating Grants	2,338,151	2,736,316
Capital Grants	1,781,953	1,093,702
General Revenue:		
Taxes:		
Property Tax	1,369,839	1,076,753
Municipal Tax	547,998	520,208
Sale Tax	1,465,481	1,177,537
Construction Excise Taxes	94,665	115,776
Grants and Entitlements	8,764,038	8,423,647
Others	<u>437,166</u>	<u>442,349</u>
	<u>17,467,550</u>	<u>16,275,427</u>
Expenditures		
General Administration	6,444,572	6,603,402
Public Safety	755,299	761,862
Education, Culture and Recreational	987,100	949,911
Public Works and Sanitation	4,324,717	3,856,338
Health and Welfare	2,028,884	2,389,981
Public Relation	431,894	355,479
Planning and General Services	648,857	622,277
Interest	240,638	147,844
Housing	<u>479,559</u>	<u>497,340</u>
	<u>16,382,553</u>	<u>16,184,434</u>
Changes in Net Position	1,084,997	90,993
Net Position at Beginning	<u>50,798,955</u>	<u>51,883,952</u>
Net Position at End	<u>\$51,883,952</u>	<u>\$51,974,945</u>

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

USING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Municipality's financial statements were prepared in accordance with standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In June 1999, the GASB issued Statement No. 34, Financial Statements and Management's Discussions and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The financial statement presentation required by GASB Statement No. 34 provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the Municipality's assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net assets, revenues, expenditures, changes in net position and cash flows.

The financial statements report information of the Municipality's as a whole and include the financial results of Rio Plata Development, a Business Type Division of the Municipality.

OVERVIEW OF BASICS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Municipality's financial statements include three components: (1) the government-wide financial statements, (2) the fund financial statements, and (3) the notes to the financial statements (collectively known as the basic financial statements). This report also contains additional required supplementary information (budgetary schedules) in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. These components are described below:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Municipality's operations and finance as a whole in a manner similar to private-sector business. These statements provide short-term and long-term information about the Municipality's financial position, which assist the Municipality's management to determine the economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means that these financial statements follow methods that are similar to those used by most business. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 even if cash involved have not been received or paid. The government-wide fiscal statements include: (1) the statements of net assets and (2) the statements of activities.

Statement of Net Assets

The statement of net assets presents all of the Municipality's assets and liabilities, with the difference between these two items reported as "net position" (equity). Over time, increases or decreases in the net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Municipality is either improving or deteriorating.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Statement of Activities

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Municipality's net assets changed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. All changes in net asset are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Municipality.

Both of the abovementioned financial statements present all the governmental activities of the Municipality, which consist mostly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (such as federal grants). Most services provided by the Municipality fall into this category, including culture, recreation and education, general government, health and sanitation, public safety, public housing and welfare, etc.

Fund Financial Statements

The Municipality's fund financial statements, consist of: (1) the balance sheet - governmental funds and (2) the statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – governmental funds. These financial statements report the financial position and results of operations of the Municipality's government funds.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Municipality, like most other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Each fund is considered an independent fiscal entity accounted for within a set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with legal, financial and contractual provisions.

The fund financial statements focus on: (1) individual parts of the Municipality's government and (2) reporting the Municipality's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, the Municipality classifies its funds within the following fund categories: (1) general fund, (2) debt service fund, (3) special revenue funds and (4) capital projects funds (collectively known as the "governmental funds").

Governmental funds are used to account for all of the services provided by the Municipality. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources. They also focus on the balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This approach is known as using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Municipality's finances that assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Municipality's, that is, evaluating the Municipality's near-term financing requirements.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

Fund Financial Statements (Continue)

Because the focus of governmental fund is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the fund information presented for governmental fund with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Municipality's near-term financial decisions.

For financial reporting purposes the Municipality has two major funds: (1) the general fund and (2) the debt service fund.

Component Unit

Empresa Municipal Área Recreativa Media Luna is a for Profit Organization created under Law 181 of August 11, 2011 which amended Law 81 of August 30, 1991, known as "Ley de Municipios Autónomos del Estado Libre Asociado de Puerto Rico" for the purpose of define franchises and municipal enterprises and authorize municipalities to create, purchase, sell, operate and do the necessary commercial activity related to establish procedures and operating methods for them.

The Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico (The Owner) holds legal title of the Organization thru Municipal Law Number 17, Series 2012-2013, of May 15, 2013. The Major of the Municipality of Comerío appointed the Board of Directors of five (5) of its staff directors. This Board of Directors is responsible to establish administrative and operating procedures in accordance with laws that govern these entities. The organization is administered by a Manager designated by the Board of Directors.

The Organization entered into agreement with the Municipality of Comerío providing the use of the property located in the area. The accounting policies followed by the Organization conform to the industry practices and are based on accounting generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information consisting of a budgetary comparison between actual operating results with the original budget and the final amended budget for the general fund.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Statements of Net Position

The statement of net assets presents the assets, liabilities and net assets of the Municipality as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The net assets are displayed in three parts, invested in capital assets restricted an unrestricted. Restricted net asset may either be expendable or nonexpendable and are those asset are restricted by law o by an external donor. Unrestricted net assets, while they are generally designated for specific purposes. The statement of net assets, along with the Municipality's basic financial statements, is prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when realized and expenses are recorded when the service or good is received, regardless of when the cash is exchanged.

Cash and cash equivalents represents 5.89% of total assets while cash with fiscal agent represents 2.11% of it. Capital assets amount to 87.67% of total assets. The other 4.33% represents receivables, and restricted cash.

Municipality's cash and cash equivalents changed from \$3,584,746 at June 30, 2014 to \$3,629,040 at June 30, 2015. Capital Assets decreased from \$54,089,405 to \$54,050,162 for the same period.

Current liabilities consists primary of accounts payable and accrued expenses which represent 13.38% of total liabilities. Long term debt represents 86.62% of total liabilities.

Net assets represent the residual interest in the Municipality's assets after liabilities are deducted.

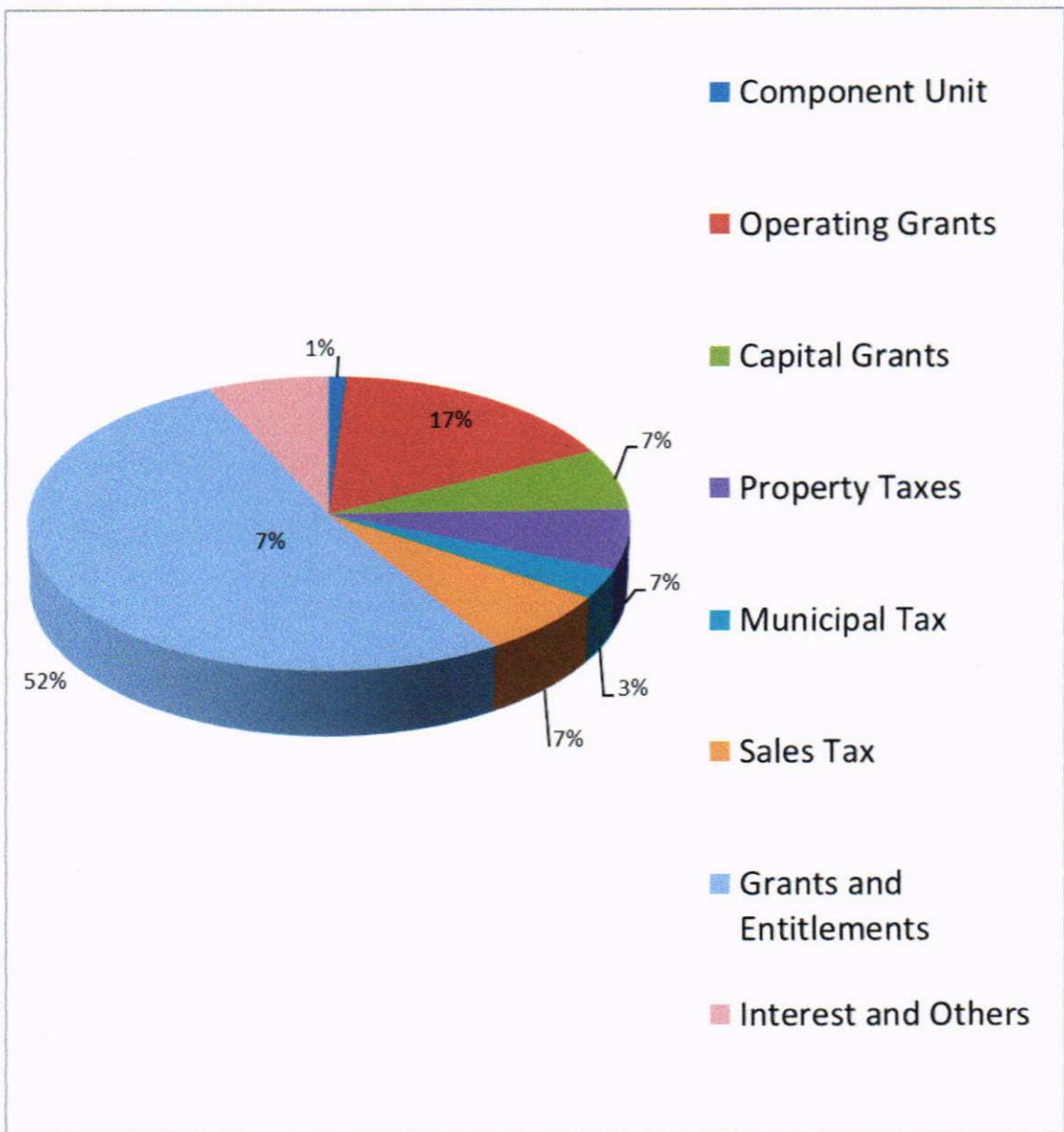


**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

Statements of Net Position (Continued)

As of June 30, 2015 net assets amounted to \$51,974,945. Net position invested in capital assets amounted to \$54,050,162 (103.99%). Replacement and others net assets amounted to \$1,722,862 (3.31%).

The following illustrations demonstrate the Municipality's major sources of revenues and expenses.



**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERIO
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Municipality's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2015, amounts to \$79,625,355 with an accumulated depreciation of \$25,709,553 (including depreciation charges for the year totaled \$1,995,958), leaving a net book value of \$53,915,802. This investment in capital assets includes land, constructions in progress, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure, machinery and equipment and vehicles. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the state, such as roads bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items.

The Municipality finances a significant portion of its construction activities through bond or notes issuances. The proceeds from bond and notes issuances designated for construction activities are committed in its entirety for such purposes and cannot be used for any other purposes.

Debt Administration

The Puerto Rico Legislature has established a limitation for the issuance of general obligation municipal bonds and notes for the payment of which the good faith, credit and taxing power of each municipality may be pledged.

The applicable law also requires that, in order for a Municipality to be able to issue additional general obligation bonds and notes, such Municipality must have sufficient "payment capacity". Act No.64 provides that a Municipality has sufficient "payment capacity" to incur additional general obligation debt if the deposits in such municipality's Redemption Fund and the annual amounts collected with respect to such Municipality's Special Additional Tax (as defined below), as projected by GDB, will be sufficient to service to maturity the Municipality's outstanding general obligation debt and the additional proposed general obligation debt ("Payment Capacity").

The Municipality is required under applicable law to levy the Special Additional Tax in such amounts as shall be required for the payment of its general obligation municipal bonds and notes. In addition, principal of and interest on all general obligation municipal bonds and notes and on all municipal notes issued in anticipation of the issuance of general obligation bonds issued by the Municipality constitute a first lien on the Municipality's basic tax revenues.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS –TYPE		COMPONENT
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	UNIT
ASSETS				
Cash in bank	\$ 3,577,286	\$ 51,754	\$ 3,629,040	\$ 44,760
Cash with fiscal agent	1,301,556		1,301,556	
Investment in certificates of deposit	600,000		600,000	
Accounts receivable:				
Property tax	732,159		732,159	
Sale and usage tax	161,823		161,823	
Government agencies	521,674	7,774	529,448	
Others		16,361	16,361	33,914
Restricted cash		629,754	629,754	
Other assets		2,270	2,270	4,279
Capital assets, net	<u>53,057,224</u>	<u>992,938</u>	<u>54,050,162</u>	<u>19,986</u>
Total assets	<u>59,951,722</u>	<u>1,700,851</u>	<u>61,652,573</u>	<u>102,939</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	734,633	57,059	791,692	49,793
Advance from other governments	140,332		140,332	
Deposits	71,153		71,153	
Due to other governments	252,467		252,467	
Long-term debt:				
Due within one year	1,908,406	160,912	2,069,318	
Due in more than one year	<u>5,870,760</u>	<u>191,443</u>	<u>6,062,203</u>	
Total Liabilities	<u>8,977,751</u>	<u>409,414</u>	<u>9,387,165</u>	<u>49,793</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred municipal tax	<u>290,463</u>		<u>290,463</u>	
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related liabilities	53,057,224	640,583	53,697,807	
Restricted for:				
Debt service	1,295,496		1,295,496	
Other provided by grantors	1,590,417		1,590,417	
Replacements and other		629,754	629,754	
Unrestricted	<u>(5,259,629)</u>	<u>21,100</u>	<u>(5,238,529)</u>	<u>53,146</u>
Total net position	<u>\$50,683,508</u>	<u>\$1,291,437</u>	<u>\$51,974,945</u>	<u>\$53,146</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

<u>FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS</u>	<u>EXPENSES</u>	<u>PROGRAM REVENUES</u>			<u>NET (EXPENSE)/ REVENUE</u>	<u>COMPONENT UNIT</u>
		<u>CHARGE FOR SERVICES</u>	<u>OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS</u>	<u>CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS</u>		
Governmental activities:						
General administration	\$ (6,603,402)		\$ 208,219		\$ (6,395,183)	\$ 321,279
Public safety	(761,862)		187,930		(573,932)	
Education, culture and recreational	(949,911)	\$ 7,135	521,050		(421,726)	
Public works and sanitation	(3,856,338)			\$1,093,702	(2,762,636)	
Health and welfare	(2,389,981)	73,909	1,819,117		(496,955)	
Communication, press and other media	(355,479)				(355,479)	
Planning and general service	(622,277)				(622,277)	
Interest	(119,130)				(119,130)	
Total governmental activities	<u>(15,658,380)</u>	<u>81,044</u>	<u>2,736,316</u>	<u>1,093,702</u>	<u>(11,747,318)</u>	<u>321,279</u>
Business type-activities:						
Housing	(497,340)	608,095			110,755	
Interest	(28,714)				(28,714)	
Total business type-activities	<u>(526,054)</u>	<u>608,095</u>			<u>82,041</u>	
Component Unit:						
Hospitality						<u>(316,001)</u>
	<u>(526,054)</u>				<u>82,041</u>	<u>(316,001)</u>
Total	<u>\$(16,184,434)</u>	<u>\$689,044</u>	<u>\$2,736,316</u>	<u>\$1,093,702</u>	<u>\$(11,665,277)</u>	<u>\$ (5,278)</u>

(Continue)

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>GOVERNMENTAL</u> <u>ACTIVITIES</u>	<u>BUSINESS-TYPE</u> <u>ACTIVITIES</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>COMPONENT UNIT</u>
Net (expense)/revenue	<u>\$(11,747,318)</u>	<u>\$ 82,041</u>	<u>\$(11,665,277)</u>	<u>\$(44,699)</u>
General revenue:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	1,076,753		1,076,753	
Municipal tax	520,208		520,208	
Sale and usage tax	1,177,537		1,177,537	
Construction excise tax	115,776		115,776	
Grants and entitlements	8,423,647		8,423,647	
Licenses and permits	11,800		11,800	
Interest	25,917	1,008	26,925	
Rent	340,191		340,191	
Other	13,220	236	63,433	14,208
Transfer from component unit	<u>49,977</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>(49,977)</u>
Total general revenues	<u>11,755,026</u>	<u>1,244</u>	<u>11,756,270</u>	<u>(35,769)</u>
Changes in net position	7,708	83,285	90,993	(30,491)
Net position at beginning	<u>50,675,800</u>	<u>1,208,152</u>	<u>51,883,952</u>	<u>83,637</u>
Net position at end	<u>\$50,683,508</u>	<u>\$1,291,437</u>	<u>\$ 51,974,945</u>	<u>\$ 53,146</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS

	MAJOR FUNDS		OTHER	TOTAL
	GENERAL	DEBT	GOVERNMENTAL	GOVERNMENTAL
	FUND	SERVICE	FUNDS	FUNDS
		FUNDS		
Cash:				
Cash in bank	\$1,879,740		\$1,697,547	\$3,577,287
Cash with fiscal agent		\$1,195,001	106,555	1,301,556
Investment in saving certificates	400,000		200,000	600,000
Receivables:				
Property taxes	650,758	81,401		732,159
Sale and usage tax	96,325	65,498		161,823
Due from other governmental agencies	4,943		516,731	521,674
Due from other funds	<u>642,572</u>			<u>642,572</u>
Total assets	<u>\$3,674,338</u>	<u>\$1,341,900</u>	<u>\$2,520,833</u>	<u>\$7,537,071</u>

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE

Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 509,786		\$152,455	\$ 662,241
Advances from other governments	4,943		135,389	140,332
Deposits	71,153			71,153
Due to other fund			642,572	642,572
Due to other governmental agencies	<u>252,467</u>			<u>252,467</u>
Total liabilities	<u>838,349</u>		<u>930,416</u>	<u>1,768,765</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Deferred property tax	429,067	46,404		475,471
Deferred municipal tax	<u>290,463</u>			<u>290,463</u>
	<u>719,530</u>	<u>46,404</u>		<u>765,934</u>
Fund balance				
Restricted for debt service		1,295,496		1,295,496
Restricted for other purposes			1,590,417	1,590,417
Unassigned	<u>2,116,459</u>			<u>2,116,459</u>
Total fund balance	<u>2,116,459</u>	<u>1,295,496</u>	<u>1,590,417</u>	<u>5,002,372</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$3,674,338</u>	<u>\$1,341,900</u>	<u>\$2,520,833</u>	<u>\$7,537,071</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AS OF JUNE 30, 2015**

Fund Balances in Governmental Funds	\$ 5,002,372
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Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	53,057,224
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Receivables deferred in governmental fund financial statements	475,471
--	---------

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Bonds and notes payable	(5,645,000)
Accrued interest	(72,393)
Compensated absences	(1,544,006)
Advances from CRIM	<u>(590,160)</u>

Total net position in statement of net position	<u>\$50,683,508</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>MAJOR FUNDS</u>		<u>OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>	<u>TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u>
	<u>GENERAL FUND</u>	<u>DEBT SERVICE FUNDS</u>		
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,167,291	\$ 211,448		\$ 1,378,739
Municipal tax	520,208			520,208
Sales and usage tax	728,512	449,025		1,177,537
Construction excise taxes	115,776			115,776
Grants and entitlements	8,342,603		\$3,911,062	12,253,665
Rental income	414,100			414,100
Licenses and permits	11,800			11,800
Interest	24,970			24,970
Other	<u>20,335</u>	<u>947</u>		<u>21,302</u>
Total Revenues	<u>11,345,615</u>	<u>661,420</u>	<u>3,911,062</u>	<u>15,918,097</u>
Expenditures:				
General administration	5,791,972		9,238	5,801,210
Public safety	667,112		71,549	738,661
Education and recreational	360,295		301,327	661,622
Public works and sanitation	2,238,003		2,705,169	4,943,172
Health, welfare and social development	719,568		1,663,629	2,383,197
Communication, press and other media	355,479			355,479
Planning and general services	490,918			490,918
Debt service:				
Principal	19,194	377,000		396,194
Interest	<u>37,410</u>	<u>155,881</u>		<u>193,291</u>
Total expenditures	<u>10,679,951</u>	<u>532,881</u>	<u>4,750,912</u>	<u>15,963,744</u>
Excess of revenue over expenditures	<u>665,664</u>	<u>128,539</u>	<u>(839,850)</u>	<u>(45,647)</u>
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfer from other funds	50,235	46,158	338,245	434,638
Operating transfer to other funds	<u>(384,403)</u>	<u>(258)</u>		<u>(384,661)</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>(334,168)</u>	<u>45,900</u>	<u>338,245</u>	<u>49,977</u>
Excess of revenues and other financing sources (under) expenditures and other financing sources	331,496	174,439	(501,605)	4,330
Fund balance beginning of year	<u>1,784,963</u>	<u>1,121,057</u>	<u>2,092,022</u>	<u>4,998,042</u>
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 2,116,459</u>	<u>\$1,295,496</u>	<u>\$1,590,417</u>	<u>\$ 5,002,372</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL
FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds \$ 4,330

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period. 2,270,749

Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the statement of activities, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. (2,321,994)

Governmental fund report proceed from loans as other financial sources, whereas the proceed from loan increase the long term debt in the statement of net position. 377,000

Changes in accrued expenses which do not require the use of current financial resources:

Interest	74,161
Compensating absences	(113,746)
Deferred property tax	(301,986)

Governmental funds report payments of other long-term debt as expenditures whereas the payments reduce the long-term debt in the in the statement of net position. 19,194

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 7,708

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION-PROPRIETARY FUND
JUNE 30, 2015**

ASSETS

	<u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> <u>RÍO PLATA DEVELOPMENT</u>
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 51,754
Accounts receivable:	
HUD	7,774
Other	<u>16,361</u>
	<u>24,135</u>
Miscellaneous prepaid expenses	<u>2,270</u>
Total current assets	78,159
Property and equipment	992,938
Restricted deposits	<u>629,754</u>
Total assets	<u>\$1,700,851</u>

LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

Liabilities:	
Current liabilities:	
Current maturities of mortgage note	\$ 160,912
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>44,048</u>
	<u>204,960</u>
Long-term liabilities:	
Tenants deposits	13,011
Mortgage note, net of current maturities	<u>191,443</u>
	<u>204,454</u>
Total liabilities	<u>409,414</u>
Net position, temporally restricted	<u>1,291,437</u>
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$1,700,851</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - PROPRIETARY FUND
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> <u>RÍO PLATA DEVELOPMENT</u>
Revenues:	
Rent	\$ 608,095
Financial	1,008
Others	<u>236</u>
Total revenues	<u>609,339</u>
Expenses:	
Administrative	160,716
Utilities	9,327
Operating maintenance	169,123
Taxes and insurance	40,807
Depreciation	117,367
Interest	<u>28,714</u>
Total Expenses	<u>526,054</u>
Change in net position	83,285
Net position, beginning of year	<u>1,208,152</u>
Net position, end year	<u>\$1,291,437</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

	<u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> <u>RÍO PLATA DEVELOPMENT</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Receipts:	
Rental receipts	\$ 614,221
Interest receipts	1,008
Other operating receipts	<u>236</u>
Total receipts	<u>615,465</u>
Disbursements:	
Administrative	37,080
Management fee	49,588
Utilities	9,327
Salaries and wages	132,672
Operating and maintenance	99,733
Property insurance	11,306
Miscellaneous taxes and insurance	20,056
Interest on first mortgage	<u>28,714</u>
Total disbursements	<u>388,476</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>226,989</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Deposits to the reserve for replacement account	(31,271)
Withdrawals at reserve for replacement account	106,126
Net deposits to the residual receipts account	(73)
Net purchase of fixed assets	<u>(129,369)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>\$ (54,587)</u>

(Continue)

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND (CONTINUE)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>PROPRIETARY FUND</u> <u>RÍO PLATA DEVELOPMENT</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Principal payments- first mortgage	\$(147,080)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>\$(147,080)</u>
Net decrease in cash	25,322
Cash at beginning of year	<u>26,432</u>
Cash at end of year	<u>\$ 51,754</u>
Reconciliation of change in total net position from operation to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Change in total net position	\$ 83,285
Adjustment to reconcile change in total net position from operations to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	117,367
(Increase) decrease in:	
Tenant accounts receivable	6,126
Cash restricted for tenant security deposits	225
Accounts payable	19,666
Accrued liabilities	545
Tenant security deposits held in trust	<u>(225)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 226,989</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION

The Municipality of Comerío (the Municipality) was established in 1826. The Municipality is a political and legal entity with full legislative and administrative faculties in every affair of municipal character, with perpetual succession, existence and legal personality separate and independent from the government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

The municipal government is comprised of the executive and legislative bodies, which are elected every four years in the Puerto Rico general elections. The executive power is exercised by the Mayor and the legislative power by the Municipal Legislative Body, which has fourteen members.

The Municipality provides the following services to its community: health, public works, education, public safety, housing, community and social services, welfare, culture and recreation, as well as many other general and administrative services.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Municipality relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units. The more significant policies of the Municipality are described below.

Reporting entity

A reporting entity consists of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Municipality consists of all funds and departments that are not legally separate from the Municipality. For the Municipality of Comerío, this includes various services including police protection, recreation (including parks), street maintenance and repair, sanitation, and general administrative services. The operation of each of these activities is directly controlled by Municipality Legislative Body through the budgetary process.

As required by US GAAP, these financial statements present the Municipality and its component unit.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Empresa Municipal Area Recreativa Media Luna (ARML) is a legally separate municipal corporation created to operate and manage a hotel, restaurant, activities salon, pools and recreational areas. Members of the Board are appointed by the Mayor and are executive employees of the Municipality. The Municipality provides financial support to ARML by providing the physical structures, land and utilities expenses without charge.

Government wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all the activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities which normally are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements segregate transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The Municipality reports the following major governmental funds:

1) General Fund

This is the operating fund of the Municipality and accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government wide and fund financial statements (Continued)

2) Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources from addition property tax and sales and use tax for and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related cost.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both government and business type activities, are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Under this method revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 90 days (except property taxes that are 60 days) of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for debt service, compensated absences and claims and judgments expenditures which are reported when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, than unrestricted resources as they are needed.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Cash, cash equivalents, cash with fiscal agent and investment

The Municipality's finance director is responsible for investing available resources. The Municipality is restricted by law to invest only in savings accounts and certificates of deposit with banks qualified as a depository of public funds by the Puerto Rico Treasury Department (PRTD) or in instruments of the Government Development Bank for Puerto Rico (GDB). The Municipality's policy is to invest any excess cash in interest bearing deposits with institutions qualified by the PRTD. Earnings from these funds are recorded in the corresponding fund as interest income.

Cash with fiscal agent in the governmental fund consists of unused proceeds from bonds and notes issued for the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements. Cash with fiscal agent in the debt service fund represents special additional property tax collections retained by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and restricted for the payment of the Municipality's debt service, as established by law. Cash with fiscal agent are deposits with the GDB.

The Municipality considers all investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Pursuant to the Statement of Investment Guidelines for the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico the balances deposited in commercial banks by the Municipality are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) generally up to a maximum of \$250,000 per depositor. In addition, public funds deposited in commercial banks by the Municipality are fully collateralized for the amount in excess of federal depository insurance. All securities pledged as collateral are held by agents designated by the Commonwealth's Secretary of Treasury but not in the Municipality's name. Deposits with GDB are uninsured and uncollateralized and thus represent a custodial credit risk, because in the event that this financial institution fails, the Municipality may not be able to recover these deposits.

The GDB's liquidity was adversely affected by a significant increase in credit spreads for obligations of the Commonwealth and its public corporations, the Commonwealth's limited capital market access, and a significant reduction of liquidity in the local Puerto Rico capital markets. Then, the credit rating downgrades could further adversely affect the GDB's liquidity. However, no losses related to defaults by GDB on deposit transactions have been incurred by the Municipality through June 30, 2015.

Interfund receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either due to/from other funds (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Interfunds receivables and payables within the governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (which is normally immovable and of value only to the Municipality, such as roads, bridges, streets sidewalks, and drainage system), are reported in the applicable governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Municipality elected not to capitalize infrastructure acquired before the implementation date of GASB 34 (June 30, 2003).

Capital assets purchased or acquired are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date donated. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. When historical cost is not available it is estimated using historic sales of the year of the acquisition of the related capital assets.

Depreciation in capital assets is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building	40 years
Equipment	5 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Building improvements	40 years
Furnishing	5 years
Computer	3 years
Vehicles	5 years

The Municipality decides when to capitalize an asset using a capitalization threshold of \$25.

Impairment of Capital Assets

The Municipality periodically evaluates long-term assets for impairment in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *(Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments)* and GASB No.42, *(Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries Governments)* are required to evaluate prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. Such events or changes in circumstances that may be indicative of impairment include evidence of physical damage, enactment or approval of laws or regulations or other changes in environmental factors, technological changes or evidence of obsolescence, changes in the manner or duration of use of a capital asset, and construction stoppage. A capital asset generally should be considered impaired if both (a) the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and (b) the event or change in circumstance is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of Capital Assets (Continued)

Impaired capital assets that will no longer be used by the government should be reported at the lower of carrying value or fair value. Impairment losses on capital assets that will continue to be used by the government should be measured using the method that best reflects the diminished service utility of the capital asset. Impairment of capital assets with physical damage generally should be measured using a restoration cost approach, an approach that uses the estimated cost to restore the capital asset to identify the portion of the historical cost of the capital asset that should be written off. Impairment of capital assets that are affected by enactment or approval of laws or regulations or other changes in environmental factors or are subject to technological changes or obsolescence generally should be measured using a service units approach, an approach that compares the service units provided by the capital asset before and after the impairment event or change in circumstance. Impairment of capital assets that are subject to a change in manner or duration of use generally should be measured using a service units approach, as described above, or using deflated depreciated replacement cost, an approach that quantifies the cost of the service currently being provided by the capital asset and converts that cost to historical cost.

Fund balance

Pursuant to the provisions of GASB 54, the fund balances amounts are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned, based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent, as described follows:

- ❖ **Nonspendable** – Represent resources that cannot be spent readily with cash or are legally or contractually required not to be spent, including but not limited to inventories, prepaid items, long-term balances of loans and notes receivable.
- ❖ **Restricted** – Represent resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitutional provisions, external resource providers (externally imposed by creditors or grantors), or through enabling legislation (that is, legislation that creates a new revenue source and restrict its use). Effectively, restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- ❖ **Committed** – Represent resources used for specific purposes, imposed by formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority (governing body through resolutions) and can only be changed by similar resolutions, no later than the end of the fiscal year.
- ❖ **Assigned** – Represent resources intended to be used by the entity for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed (generally resolutions approved by the governing body). Intent can be expressed by the governing body, or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates authority in conformity with the by-laws of the Authority. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund balance (Continued)

- ❖ **Unassigned** – Represent the residual classification for the entity's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purpose for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Risk financing

The Municipality carries insurance to cover casualty, theft, tort claims and other losses. Cost of insurance policies for the year ended June 30, 2015 amounted to \$239,784. The current insurance policies have not been cancelled or terminated. In addition the Municipal Revenue Collection Center (the CRIM) deducted \$175,693 for workers compensation insurance covering all municipal employees.

Compensated absences

Employees accumulate vacation leave at a rate of 2.5 days per month up to maximum of 60 days. Unpaid vacation time accumulated is fully vested to the employees from the first day of work.

Employees accumulate sick leave at a rate of 1.5 days per month up to a maximum 90 days. In the event of employee resignation, the employee is paid for accumulated vacations days up to the maximum allowed. Separation from employment prior to use of all or part of the sick leave terminates all rights for compensation, except for employees with ten years or more of service who are entitled to sick leave pay up to the maximum allowed. Employees' maximum allowed vacations and vested sick benefits are accounted for in the Statement of Net Position.

Pensions

GASB 68 requires that the pension expense, as well as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, be recognized for employer's proportionate share of collective pension expense and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. The employee's proportionate share should be determined using the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability. However, as of the date that financial statement has been issued, the ERS has not issued its financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014. The information related to the pension plans is not available and accordingly, it has not been included in the accompanying financial statements of the Municipality for the year ended June 30, 2015.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 23, 2015, the date the financial statements were evaluated to be issued.

3. PROPERTY TAX

The personal property tax is self assessed by the taxpayer on a return, which is to be filed by May 15 of each year with the Municipal Revenue Collector Center (the CRIM), a governmental entity created by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. Real property tax is assessed by the CRIM on each piece of real state and on each building.

The assessment is made as of January 1 of each year and is based on current values for personal property and on esteemed values as of 1957 for real property tax. The tax on personal property must be paid in full together with the return by May 15. The tax on real property may be paid in two installments by July 1 and January 1.

The CRIM is responsible for the billing and collections of real and personal property taxes on behalf of all the municipalities of Puerto Rico. Before the beginning of each fiscal year, the CRIM informs the Municipality of the estimated amount of property tax expected to be collected for the ensuing fiscal year. Throughout the year, the CRIM advances funds to the Municipality based on the initial estimated collections. The CRIM is required by law to prepare a settlement statement on a fiscal year basis, where by a comparison is made between the amounts advanced to the Municipality and amounts actually collected from taxpayers.

This settlement has to be completed on a preliminary basis not later than three months after fiscal year-end, and a final settlement made not later than six months after year-end. If the CRIM remits to the Municipality property tax advances, which are less than the tax actually collected, a receivable from the CRIM is recorded at June 30. However, if advances exceed the amount actually collected by the CRIM, a liability to the CRIM is recorded at June 30.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

3. PROPERTY TAX (CONTINUED)

Residential real property occupied by its owner is exempt by law from the payment of property taxes on the first \$15,000 of the assessed value. For such exempt amounts, the Puerto Rico Treasury Department assumes payment of the basic tax to the Municipalities, except for property assessed at less than \$3,500 for which no payment is made. As part of Law No. 83 of August 30, 1991, as amended, the exempt amount to be paid by Puerto Rico Treasury Department to the Municipalities was frozen as of January 1, 1992. In addition, the law grants a tax exemption from the payment of personal property taxes of up to \$50,000 of the assessed value to retailers having annual net sales of less than \$150,000.

The annual rate for fiscal year 2015 is 8.78% for real property and 6.78% for personal property of which 1.03% of both tax rates are for the redemption of public debt issued by the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The remaining percentage is distributed as follows: (a) 6.0% and 4.0%, respectively, represent the Municipality's basic property tax rate, which is appropriated for general purposes and accounted for in the general fund. A portion of such amount is deposited in an equalization fund together with a percentage of the net revenues of the Puerto Rico Electronic Lottery and subsidy from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. From such fund, a distribution is made to all municipalities; (b) 1.75% represents the special ad valorem tax restricted for debt service and accounted for in the debt service fund. The Commonwealth contributes an annual tax rate of 0.2% of the property tax collected and the remaining rate is paid by the taxpayer.

On January 26, 2000, Public Law 42, as amended, was enacted which authorized the CRIM to obtain a loan up to \$200 million, and for a term not exceeding 30 years, to allow for the financing of the debt that the municipalities of Puerto Rico have with the CRIM arising from final settlements of property tax advances versus actual collections through fiscal year 2000-2001. The amount that the municipalities will collect from the additional property taxes resulting from the increase in the subsidy from the central government to the municipalities was assigned through this law to repay such loan. The increase in this subsidy was the result of the Public Law 238, enacted on August 15 1999. As of June 30, 2015 the amount due to CRIM amounting to \$590,160 is presented as other long-term debt (see Note 10).

The composition of property taxes receivable and the related deferred revenue is as follows as June 30, 2015.

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Gross property taxes receivable	\$6,434,149	\$892,137	\$7,326,286
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	<u>5,783,391</u>	<u>810,736</u>	<u>6,594,127</u>
Net property taxes receivable	<u>\$ 650,758</u>	<u>\$ 81,401</u>	<u>\$ 732,159</u>
Deferred (unavailable property) tax revenues in GFFS	<u>\$ 429,067</u>	<u>\$ 46,404</u>	<u>\$ 475,471</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

4. VOLUME OF BUSINESS TAX

The municipal license tax is levied annually based on the volume of business of certain businesses and industrial organizations that operate in the Municipality. The tax rates are 1.50% for financing institutions and .50% for the other business institutions. The taxpayers must file a return not later than April 15 of every year and the tax is payable in two installments, due in July 1 and January 1 of the following fiscal year. The amount levied could be paid with a five percent (5%) discount if payment is made on or before the filing date. The Municipality levied and collected during the year ended June 30, 2015, \$290,463 corresponding to the following fiscal year volume of business tax. This amount was recorded as deferred revenue, and is presented as a liability in the accompanying combined balance sheets and statement of net position.

5. SALE AND USAGE TAX

Pursuant to an amendment to Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code, Act 117 of July 4, 2006, the Municipal Legislature approved a city tax contribution (SUT), effective October 3, 2006 to 1.5% over all transactions of sales of goods and services made on Comerío boundaries. The retailers are required to file monthly sales tax returns by 10th days following the month in which the tax are collected.

Pursuant to the provision at the Act 72-2015 and effective July 1, 2015, the citizenship contribution was uniformly established in 1.5%, for all the Municipality of Puerto Rico, of which 1% is collected by the Municipality and the remaining 0.5% is collected by the Treasury Department of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. A portion of the amount collected by the Treasury Department is submitted to Municipal Finance Corporation (COFIM, by its Spanish acronym), a redemption fund for financing capital projects to the municipalities.

COFIM is a public corporation and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, attached to the Government Development Bank. COFIM is authorized to issue and use other financing mechanisms to pay or refinance, directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, the debts of the municipalities of the Commonwealth payable or backed by the municipal sales and use tax. COFIM receives, from the first revenues of the municipal sales and use tax collected, the greater of: (i) an amount computed by applying a 0.3% fixed tax rate to the total revenues collected, or (ii) a fixed amount that increases annually, known as the Annual Fixed Income. These revenues, which are deposited in COFIM's Redemption Fund, are used to pay and secure the debt issued by COFIM. As an independent corporation, COFIM has the same powers, rights and faculties as the GDB under its Charter.

6. INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Intergovernmental revenues sources consist of contributions received from certain quasi-public corporations of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, such as the Puerto Rico Electric Power Authority. Also, the Municipality receives some subsidies from the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico which include, among others, a subsidy for general operations and for the financing of capital improvements. The intergovernmental revenues are recorded in the General fund, except for those that are legally restricted for expenditure for specified purposes which are recorded in the Other Governmental Funds.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At June 30, 2015, the Municipality was defendant and/or codefendant in several litigations arising out of the normal Municipality's operations. Most of the cases are covered by insurance. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, in excess of insurance coverage, if any, resulting from such pending litigations would not be material in relation to the financial position of the Municipality.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Municipality expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

8. RESTRICTED DEPOSIT

Restricted cash in the business type activities included restricted deposits as follows:

Replacement reserve	\$580,229
Security deposits	36,514
Residual receipts	<u>13,011</u>
	<u>\$629,754</u>

A. Replacement Reserve

The project is required under the Project Rental Assistance Contract (PRAC) and federal regulations, to set aside amounts to aid in funding extraordinary maintenance and repair and replacement of capital items in accordance with applicable regulations. Funds may be drawn from the reserve and used only in accordance with HUD guidelines and with approval of, or as directed by, HUD.

B. Security Deposits

The project is required, under federal regulations, to set aside, at the time of the initial execution of the lease, the tenant's security deposit and its accumulated interest. The project must refund to the tenant, the full amount of the tenant's security deposit, provided the tenant does not owe any amount under the lease. The Project may use the tenant's security deposit balance as a reimbursement for any unpaid amounts the tenant owes under the lease.

C. Residual Receipts

The Project is required, under federal regulations and PRAC, to set aside the surplus project funds in an interest-bearing residual receipts account when the project funds are more than needed for the operation of the project, to pay operating expenses, and to make the required deposits to the replacement reserve. Withdrawals from this account will be made only with the approval of HUD and for project purposes, including the reduction of project rental assistance payments.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Primary Government	Balance June 30, 2014	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2015
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,698,792			\$ 7,698,792
Construction progress	<u>1,922,666</u>	\$ 709,381	\$(504,321)	<u>2,127,726</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>9,621,458</u>	<u>709,381</u>	<u>(504,321)</u>	<u>9,826,518</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	27,943,578			27,943,578
Equipment	2,126,445	132,090	(14,528)	2,244,007
Infrastructure	4,072,123	74,672		4,146,795
Infrastructure equipment	11,058,638	653,047		11,711,685
Buildings improvements	13,697,916	447,512		14,145,428
Furnishing	456,760	1,723	(6,156)	452,327
Work of art	4,380		(130)	4,250
Computer	365,333	14,356	(5,434)	374,255
Vehicles	<u>3,812,912</u>	<u>742,289</u>	<u>(417,155)</u>	<u>4,138,046</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>63,538,085</u>	<u>2,065,689</u>	<u>(443,403)</u>	<u>65,160,371</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(6,889,443)	(696,681)		(7,586,124)
Equipment	(1,720,530)	(133,577)	14,528	(1,839,579)
Infrastructure	(631,817)	(103,066)		(734,883)
Infrastructure equipment	(4,481,942)	(765,676)		(5,247,618)
Buildings improvements	(2,224,046)	(351,071)		(2,575,117)
Furnishing	(444,383)	(7,702)	6,156	(445,929)
Work of art	(1,813)	(280)	130	(1,963)
Computer	(312,068)	(33,990)	5,434	(340,624)
Vehicles	<u>(3,345,032)</u>	<u>(229,951)</u>	<u>417,155</u>	<u>(3,157,828)</u>
	<u>(20,051,074)</u>	<u>(2,321,994)</u>	<u>443,403</u>	<u>(21,929,665)</u>
Total depreciable capital assets, net	<u>43,487,011</u>	<u>(256,305)</u>	<u> </u>	<u>43,230,706</u>
Governmental activities capital assets net	<u>\$53,108,469</u>	<u>\$ 453,076</u>	<u>\$(504,321)</u>	<u>\$ 53,057,224</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

9. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

<u>Primary Government</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2014</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2015</u>
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 134,360	\$ _____	\$ _____	\$ 134,360
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building and improvements	4,274,270	\$117,926		4,392,196
Office furniture and equipment	<u>234,827</u>	<u>11,443</u>		<u>246,270</u>
	<u>4,509,097</u>	<u>129,369</u>		<u>4,638,466</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building and improvements	(3,454,244)	(106,921)		(3,561,165)
Office furniture and equipment	<u>(208,277)</u>	<u>(10,446)</u>		<u>(218,723)</u>
	<u>(3,662,521)</u>	<u>(117,367)</u>		<u>(3,779,888)</u>
Total depreciable capital, assets net	<u>846,576</u>	<u>12,002</u>		<u>858,578</u>
Business activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 980,936</u>	<u>\$ 12,002</u>	<u>\$ _____</u>	<u>\$ 992,938</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Municipality as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>
General administration	\$ 688,446	
Public safety	23,201	
Public works	1,183,915	
Education, culture and recreation	288,289	
Health and welfare	6,784	
Planning and general services	131,359	
Housing	_____	<u>\$117,367</u>
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$2,321,994</u>	<u>\$117,367</u>

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015**

10. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

Primary government: Governmental Activities:	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due within one year</u>
Bonds and notes payable	\$6,022,000		\$377,000	\$5,645,000	\$ 344,000
Advance from CRIM	609,354		19,194	590,160	20,400
Compensated absences	<u>1,430,260</u>	<u>\$113,746</u>	<u> </u>	<u>1,544,006</u>	<u>1,544,006</u>
	8,061,614	113,746	396,194	7,779,166	1,908,406
Business-type activities:					
Mortgage payable	<u>499,435</u>	<u> </u>	<u>147,080</u>	<u>352,355</u>	<u>\$ 160,912</u>
Total	<u>\$8,561,049</u>	<u>\$113,746</u>	<u>\$543,274</u>	<u>\$8,131,521</u>	<u>\$2,069,318</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

10. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Governmental activities:

Bonds and notes payable:

\$342,000 Municipal public improvement bonds of 1993 payable in annual principal installments of \$24,000 to \$26,000 through January 1, 2016 plus interest at 5.75%	\$ 26,000
\$95,000 public improvement bonds of 1993 payable in annual principal installments ranging from \$6,000 to \$7,000 through January 1, 2016, plus interest at 5%	7,000
\$505,000 municipal general obligation bonds of 2003 payable in annual principal installments ranging from \$15,000 to \$40,000 through July 1, 2027, plus interest at 5% to 6.5%	355,000
\$1,010,000 notes of 2005 payable in annual principal installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$70,000 through July 1, 2029, plus interest at 5%	710,000
\$3,817,000 municipal special obligation note serial of 2008 payable in an annual installments regarding from \$129,000 to \$342,000 through July 1, 2028 plus interest at 5.4%	3,165,000
\$252,000 municipal special obligation note serial of 2014 payable in annual principal installments ranging from \$31,000 and \$44,000 through July 1, 2019, plus interest at 6%.	192,000
\$665,000 municipal general of obligation of 2012 payable in annual installments ranging from \$5,000 to \$65,000 through July 1, 2035 plus interest at 7.50%	645,000
\$70,000 municipal general obligation note of 2014 payable in annual principal installments of \$10,000 through July 1, 2019 plus interest at 6%.	50,000
\$555,000 municipal general obligation note of 2015 payable in annual installments ranging from \$60,000 to \$65,000 through July 1, 2020 plus interest at 7.50%	<u>495,000</u>
	<u>5,645,000</u>

Business-type activities:

Mortgage note payable in monthly installments of \$15,513 including interest at 9% including subsidy interest of 8% through 2018. The note is secured by a residential building.	<u>352,355</u>
	<u>\$5,997,355</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

10. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Advances from CRIM

These amounts represent the balance owed to CRIM at June 30, 2015 as described in Note 3 and is payable in semiannual aggregated installments through July 2032 including interest at 6.1%.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity long-term debt as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Governmental-Type Activities

<u>Bonds and Notes Payable</u>			<u>Aggregated</u>
<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>payments</u>
2016	\$ 344,000	\$ 154,439	\$ 498,439
2017	344,000	141,324	485,324
2018	362,000	129,107	491,107
2019	386,000	116,122	502,122
2020	416,000	102,182	518,182
2021-2025	1,741,000	366,726	2,107,726
2026-2030	1,762,000	167,443	1,929,443
2031-2035	225,000	56,250	281,250
2036-2037	<u>65,000</u>	<u>1,950</u>	<u>66,950</u>
	<u>\$5,645,000</u>	<u>\$1,235,543</u>	<u>\$6,880,543</u>

Due to CRIM:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Aggregated</u>
			<u>payments</u>
2016	\$ 20,400	\$ 36,204	\$ 56,604
2017	21,682	34,922	56,604
2018	23,044	33,560	56,604
2019	24,492	32,112	56,604
2020	26,031	30,573	56,604
2021-2025	156,840	126,180	283,020
2026-2030	212,704	70,316	283,020
2031-2032	<u>104,966</u>	<u>8,242</u>	<u>113,208</u>
	<u>\$590,159</u>	<u>\$372,109</u>	<u>\$962,268</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

10. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities
Mortgage note payable:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Aggregated payments</u>
2016	\$160,912	\$25,232	\$186,144
2017	176,045	10,099	186,144
2018	<u>15,398</u>	<u>114</u>	<u>15,512</u>
	<u>\$352,355</u>	<u>\$35,445</u>	<u>\$387,800</u>

11. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

BALANCE DUE TO / FROM OTHER FUNDS:

Balance due to / from other funds at June 30, 2015, consist of the following:

Due from	Due to other governmental fund	Total
General fund	<u>\$652,572</u>	<u>\$652,572</u>
Total	<u>\$652,572</u>	<u>\$652,572</u>

TRANSFER TO / FROM OTHER FUNDS:

Transfer to / from other funds transfer in at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

Transfer out	General fund	Debt service	Other governmental fund	Total
General fund		\$46,158	\$338,245	\$384,403
Debt service fund	<u>\$258</u>	_____	_____	<u>258</u>
Total	<u>\$258</u>	<u>\$46,158</u>	<u>\$338,245</u>	<u>\$384,661</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the component until transfer \$49,977 to the general funds.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

12. RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The Employee's Retirement System of the Government of the Commonwealth Puerto Rico (ERS) is the administrator of a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Puerto Rico Government Employee and Judiciary Retirement System Administration. The ERS was created by the Act 447, approved on May 15, 1951, and became effective on January 1, 1952. ERS covers all regular employees of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and its instrumentality and of municipalities and components units not covered by their own retirement systems.

Participation is mandatory except for members of the Legislature, Government Secretaries, Head of Agencies and Public Instrumentality, Assistants of the Governor, the Comptroller of the Puerto Rico, Gubernatorial Board and Committee appointees and Experimental Service Station employees. ERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Disability retirement benefits are available to members for occupational and non-occupational disabilities. Retirement benefits depend upon age at retirement and number of years of credited service. Benefits vest after ten years of plan participation.

As of June 30, 2014, the ERS has an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of approximately \$22,981 million, representing a 3.1% funding ratio. In the opinion of management and based on information prepared by consulting actuaries, it is estimated that starting in fiscal year 2015, the ERS's assets will be less than its obligations (including bonds payable but excluding its UAAL) resulting in a deficit net position. In addition, annual cash flow estimates for the foreseeable future are presently estimated to continue to reduce the net position unless other measures are taken. Future employer contributions have been pledged for the payment of debt service, consequently further depletion of ERS's assets could result in the inability to pay benefits.

The estimate of when the ERS's net position will become a deficit and when its assets would be exhausted is based on significant assumptions, including the rate of return on investments, the amount and timing of collections from the Commonwealth for the member, employer contributions and the employer additional contribution (Act No. 32), which as discussed below, was estimated in \$120.0 million annually, as well as the estimated participant benefits and the ERS's administrative expenses to be paid each year.

To improve the liquidity and solvency of the ERS, the Commonwealth enacted Act No. 32 of June 25, 2014, which provides for incremental annual contributions from the Commonwealth General Fund beginning in fiscal year 2015 and up to the fiscal year 2033. This additional contribution will be determined annually based on actuarial studies to be performed by the ERS's actuaries. And appropriation for such additional contribution of approximately \$120 million was included in the Commonwealth's budget for the fiscal year 2015. However, as a result of budgetary constraints at the present time management believes that approximately \$90 million of this amount will not be collected as expected during fiscal year 2015. Further, this additional contribution was reduced to \$28.2 million for the Commonwealth's proposed budget for the fiscal year 2015.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

12. RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

If the Commonwealth's financial condition does not improve as a result of fiscal and budgetary measures it is taking, its ability to repay its obligations, including its regular employer contributions to the ERS and its additional contribution as provided by Act No. 32, for the upcoming years, may continue to be adversely affected, and could also affect the payment of benefits and the repayment of the ERS's bond payable.

To address these issues, the ERS and the Commonwealth, with the assistance of the ERS external consulting actuaries, concluded that, in addition to other measures, annual increases in the employers' contribution rate would be required to fully fund pensions, without having to liquidate the ERS investment portfolio. Accordingly, on July 6, 2011, the Commonwealth enacted Act No. 116, increasing the employers' contributions rate from 9.275% to 10.275% of employee compensation for fiscal year 2011-2012, an additional 1% annually for each of the next four years, and 1.25% annually for each of the five years thereafter, reaching an aggregate contribution rate of 20.525% effective July 1, 2020.

Furthermore, on April 4, 2014, the Governor of Puerto Rico signed into law Act No. 3 of 2014, which represents a comprehensive reform of the ERS. Act No. 3 became effective on July 1 2014 and amended the provisions of the different benefit structures under the ERS, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. For active participants of the contributory defined benefit programs under Act No. 447 of 1951 and Act No. 1 of 1990, all retirement benefits accrued through June 30, 2014 were frozen, and thereafter, all future benefits will accrue under the defined contribution formula used for System 2000 participants, and will be paid at retirement through a lifetime annuity.
2. Increased the minimum pension for current retirees from \$400 to \$500 per month.
3. The retirement age for Act No. 447 participants will be gradually increased from age 58 to age 61.
4. The retirement age for active System 2000 participants will be gradually increased from age 60 to age 65.
5. Transitioning active participants under Act No. 1 and Act No. 447 to a defined contribution plan similar to System 2000.
6. Eliminated the "merit annuity" available to participants who joined the ERS prior to April 1, 1990.
7. The retirement age for new employees was increased to age 67, except for new state and municipal police officers, firefighters, and custody officers, which will be age 58.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

12. RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

8. The employee contribution rate was increased from 8.275% to 10%.
9. For System 2000 participants, the retirement benefits will no longer be paid as a lump sum distribution, instead, they will be paid through a lifetime annuity.
10. Eliminated or reduced various retirement benefits previously granted by special laws, including Christmas and summer bonuses. The Christmas bonus payable to current retirees was reduced from \$600 to \$200 and was eliminated for future retirees. The summer bonus was eliminated. Resulting employer contribution savings will be contributed to the ERS.
11. Disability benefits were eliminated and substituted for a mandatory disability insurance policy.
12. Survivor benefits were modified.

The employer contributions to the above mentioned plans during the last three years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	<u>Employer</u>
2015	\$315,160
2014	246,016
2013	291,773

Effective for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the GASB 68 requires that the Municipalities governmental-wide financial statements present the proportional net pension liability of the ERS. In addition, the GASB 68 required among other the following disclosures:

- A. Employer's proportionate share amount of collective net pension liability.
- B. Employer's proportionate percentage of collective net pension liability (including the basis on which it was determined) and change on its proportion since prior measurement debts.
- C. Significant assumption used to measure total pension liability, including inflation, salary changes, discounts rate and mortality.
- D. Measurement date of collective net pension liability and date of actuarial valuation on which the total liability is base.
- E. Information about plan fiduciary net position

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

12. RETIREMENT SYSTEM:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Other information about the net pension liabilities should be disclosed as required supplemental information. ERS has not issued its financial statements since June 30, 2013. Accordingly, the required information is not available accounting the information is not disclosure in the Municipality's financial statements.

The P.R. Retirement Plan Administration provides additional information of the ERS. They issue a public available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for ERS, as a component unit of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The last financial statement was issued for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. That report may be obtained by writing to the Administration at PO Box 42003, Minillas Station, San Juan, P.R. 00940.

13. CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2015, the Municipality was defendant and/or codefendant in several litigations arising out of the normal Municipality's operations. Most of the cases are covered by insurance. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, is of the opinion that the ultimate liability, in excess of insurance coverage, if any, resulting from such pending litigations would not be material in relation to the financial position of the Municipality.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Municipality expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	<u>GENERAL FUND</u>			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
	<u>ORIGINAL BUDGET</u>	<u>FINAL BUDGET</u>	<u>ACTUAL AT BUDGETARY BASIS</u>	
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 807,750	\$ 807,750	\$ 857,231	\$ 49,481
Municipal tax	496,880	496,880	519,028	22,148
Sales tax	580,500	580,500	719,032	138,532
Construction excise taxes	80,000	80,000	115,776	35,776
Grants and entitlements	8,089,357	8,618,885	8,598,821	(20,064)
Rental income	359,771	359,771	414,100	54,329
Licenses and permits	4,000	4,000	7,675	3,675
Interest	32,000	32,000	24,969	(7,031)
Other	<u>27,713</u>	<u>27,713</u>	<u>74,709</u>	<u>46,996</u>
Total revenues	<u>10,477,971</u>	<u>11,007,499</u>	<u>11,331,341</u>	<u>323,842</u>
Expenditures:				
General administration	5,505,810	6,033,338	5,783,346	249,992
Public safety	710,593	671,554	667,112	4,442
Education, culture and recreational	377,168	371,059	360,296	10,763
Public works and sanitation	2,256,932	2,321,579	2,238,003	83,576
Health and welfare	756,288	743,357	719,568	23,789
Communication press and media	334,510	366,103	355,479	10,624
Planning and general service	<u>536,670</u>	<u>500,509</u>	<u>490,917</u>	<u>9,592</u>
Total expenditures	<u>10,477,971</u>	<u>11,007,499</u>	<u>10,614,721</u>	<u>392,778</u>
Excess of revenue over expenditure	<u>\$ _____</u>	<u>\$ _____</u>	<u>\$ 716,620</u>	<u>\$716,620</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON
JUNE 30, 2015

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Municipality follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for special revenue funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through legal and contractual grant requirements provisions.
- 2) On or before May 15, the Mayor submits to the Municipal Legislative Body a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.
- 3) Prior to June 13, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4) The Municipal Legislative Body approves, by ordinance budget appropriations by functional basis. The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by the Municipal Legislative Body.
- 5) Unused appropriations for the annual budgeted funds lapse at the end of the year.

The budget is prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The actual results of operations, presented in the Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual General Fund, is in conformity with the budgetary accounting of the Municipality for a better comparison with the budget information.

The presentation of the budgetary data excludes other appropriations such as capital projects, debt service and special revenue funds because projects are funded on a multi-year nature, generally requiring several years to complete or effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indentures and legal and contractual grant agreement provisions.

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY COMPARISON (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2015

2. RECONCILIATION OF GAAP TO BUDGETARY BASIS

Adjustments necessary to reconcile the revenues and expenditures of the general fund at the end of the year, from the generally accepted accounting principles to budgetary basis, are as follows:

	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Expenses</u>
Revenue and expenses for generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) basis	\$11,395,592	\$10,679,951
Transfer out included as expenditures in budgetary basis	50,334	384,403
Other adjustment to adjust revenues and expenses from budgetary basis to modified accrual basis	<u>(114,585)</u>	<u>(449,633)</u>
Revenue and expenses per budgetary basis	<u>\$11,331,341</u>	<u>\$10,614,721</u>

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

	<u>CFDA NUMBER</u>	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>
<u>US Department of Housing and Urban Development</u>		
Passed through:		
Municipal Service Administration:		
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	\$ 393,184
Puerto Rico Public Housing Administration:		
Public and Indian Housing	14.850	741,005
Direct Program:		
Section 8- Housing Choice Vouchers	14.871	<u>714,268</u>
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development		1,848,457
<u>US Department of Justice</u>		
Passed through:		
PR Department of Justice:		
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	54,829
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	<u>7,521</u>
Total Department of Justice		62,350
<u>US Department of Agriculture</u>		
Passed through:		
PR Department of Education:		
Child and Adult Food Program	10.558	20,333
<u>US Department of Health and Human Services</u>		
Passed through:		
PR Department of Family:		
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	273,227
<u>US Department of Energy</u>		
Passed through:		
Puerto Rico Energy Affairs Administration:		
Energy Efficiency Conservation Block Grant	81.125	45,497
<u>US Department of Homeland Security</u>		
Passed through:		
PR Emergency Management and Disaster Administration Agency (GAR):		
Disaster Assistance Grant	97.036	43,836
Citizen Corps	97.053	<u>402</u>
		<u>43,238</u>
		<u>\$2,294,102</u>

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
JUNE 30, 2015

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Municipality of Comerío and is presented on the modify basis of accounting. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audit of States, Local Governments and Non profit organizations.

**REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**



CARLOS R. DIAZ, CPA, PSC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To Honorable Mayor and
Municipality Legislative Body
Municipality of Comerío
Comerío, Puerto Rico

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2015. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Río Plata Project, as described in our report on Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned cost as item 2015-1.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

December 23, 2015
Aguas Buenas, Puerto Rico



Carlos R. Díaz, CPA, PSC
License No. 275
Expire December 1, 2018

The stamp No. **E199123** of the Puerto Rico Society of Certified Public Accountants was affixed to the original of this report.

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH
REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE
TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH
OMB CIRCULAR A-133**



CARLOS R. DIAZ, CPA, PSC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To Honorable Mayor and
Municipality Legislative Body
Municipality of Comerío
Comerío, Puerto Rico

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. **Municipalities of Comerío, Puerto Rico's major federal programs** are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's basic financial statements include the operations of the Río Plata Project, which expensed \$761,042 in federal awards which is not included in the schedule during the year ended June 30, 2015. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of Río Plata Project because Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico engaged other auditors to perform and audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico** complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico** is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Municipality of Comerío, Puerto Rico's** internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Carlos R. Díaz, CPA, PSC

License No. 275

Expire December 1, 2018

December 23, 2015
Aguas Buenas, Puerto Rico

The stamp No. **E199124** of the Puerto Rico Society of Certified Public Accountants was affixed to the original of this report.

MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness (es) identified? ___yes _X_no
- Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? ___yes _X_no

Noncompliance material to financial statement noted? _X_yes ___no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness (es) identified? ___yes _X_no
- Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es) ___yes _X_no

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133 ___yes _X_no

Identification of major programs:

CFA Number(s)

Name of Federal Program Cluster

14.871

Section 8 – Housing Choice Vouchers

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$300,000

Audit qualified as low-risk audited? _X_yes ___no

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

Finding No. 2015-01

Accounting system

Condition

The Municipality's financial statements do not included such adjustments and disclosures required by GASB – 68.

Criteria

GASB 68 requires that the pension expenses, as well as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension be recognized for employer's proportionate share of collective pension expense and collective deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. The employer's proportionate share should be determined using the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability.

Effect

The Municipality's financial statements are not presented in accordance with generally accepted in the United States of America.

Recommendation

The Municipality should adjust its financial statements to included such adjustments, if any, required by accounting principle generally accepted in the United States of America.

**COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
MUNICIPALITY OF COMERÍO
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

SECTION III. - FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

NONE